

Repeat photography on range and forest lands in the western United States

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Abstract

Repeat photography is a valuable tool for demonstrating the effects over time of climate, management and other variables on range and forest lands. This bibliography lists 175 publications using repeat photography, with information on the ecosystems photographed, states where they are located, number of photographs, and dates when the photographs were taken. References to photography of 19 natural ecosystems, 2 cultivated ecosystems and 3 special problems are listed. The interval between photographs may be over a century or less than a year.

Key Words: condition, trend, succession, invasion, brush, history

"One picture is worth a thousand words," says an often-quoted proverb. A pair or sequence of photographs, taken over time, can be even more valuable than a single photograph for documenting change in range or forest vegetation. In many cases, old photographs are the only documentation for past range or forest conditions; no numerical data exist. Also, non-specialists who are not accustomed to evaluating numerical data can see and understand changes over time as shown in photographs.

Repeat photography is most often used to show change over decades or as long as a century, with or without human intervention. Many of the entries in this bibliography are of this sort. Other entries include before-and-after photographs, showing short- or long-term effects of treatments such as chemical and mechanical brush and weed control, fire, grazing, and recreational use. Long-term repeat photography has been used to show recovery of abandoned townsites (Amundsen 1991) and recovery after timber cutting, mining, or wildfire.

Repeat photography can document trend as well as condition. For example, while further improvements in riparian management and condition are needed in many areas, this does not indicate that the trend is down. Johnson (1987) documented tremendous increases in woody plant vegetation, indicating upward trend, on riparian areas between the 1860's and the 1970's. Upward trend was shown on the Laramie, North Platte, Sweetwater, and Green Rivers, and on Box Elder, Beaver Dam, and Rock Creeks in Wyoming.

Sequences of photographs can document change over decades

on an annual or near-annual basis. The sequences of Sharp et al. (1990, 1992) are examples.

Many opportunities for repeat photography have not been exploited. Enough time has passed since re-photography of the sites in several of the publications that changes might be detected if they were re-photographed again. Vankat and Major (1978) rephotographed over 300 sites, but published only 5 pairs. Museums, universities, libraries, and private individuals own collections of old photographs that could be re-photographed to provide information on vegetation changes. Weber (1993) contains examples of photographs by Carleton E. Watkins, Eadward Muybridge, Timothy O'Sullivan, Andrew J. Russell, William Henry Jackson, John K. Hillers, Ben Wittick, and F. Jay Haynes, dating back to as early as 1866, and the libraries and archives in which these and other photographs can be found.

Several entries in this bibliography include suggestions for re-locating and re-photographing previously photographed sites, and for interpreting the changes noted. These include Dingus (1982), Dutton and Bunting (1981), Gruell (1980a, 1983), Humphrey (1987), Johnson (1987), Magill (1989), and McGinnies et al. (1991). Knapp et al. (1990) discuss the use of repeat aerial photography.

Rogers et al. (1984) published a bibliography of repeat photography, listing several hundred publications containing photographs of the same scene taken decades or as much as a century apart. Many of these photo sets were of urban areas, glaciers, or other subject matter of little interest to range and forest managers and researchers. This bibliography lists all entries from Rogers et al. (1984) that include photographs of range or forest lands; publications issued after Rogers et al. (1984) completed their collection; and a few publications which they missed.

Entries have been tabulated (Table 1) by state and ecosystem. We did not find any examples of rephotography from North Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, or Oklahoma, Alaska, or Hawaii, but did find examples from all the other western states plus Missouri.

Entries are in abbreviated form, including only the last name of the first author and the last 2 digits of the year of publication (Table 1). Additional information on numbers of photo sets, number of photos per set, and dates when photos were taken are included in the notes under each bibliographic entry. For example, "1964–67" indicates photos were taken sometime between 1964 and 1967 inclusive, while "1964 & 1967" indicates photos were taken in 1964 and 1967. Locations and ecosystems are noted when this information is not included in the title of the publication.

Table 1. References to repeat photography of range and forest lands in the western United States.

Riparian areas	Shrub-grasslands	Sagebrush-grasslands	Desert grasslands	Meadow	Multiple ecosystems	Coniferous forest
<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>California</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>California</u>
Alford 93	Alford 93	Hughes 80	Ames 77	Gibbens 64	Bahre 91	Gibbens 64
Anonymous 91	Bryanson 85	<u>Colorado</u>	Bahre 78	Heady 78	Dutton 81	Heady 78
Bahre 78	Cox 83	Atheam 88	Barker 93	Vale 87	Gehlbach 81	Magill 89
Bezanson 89	Hughes 90,91	Tohill 90	Blydenstein 57	Vankat 78	Humphrey 87	Vale 87
Humphrey 87	Johnsen 79	<u>Idaho</u>	Brady 89	<u>Colorado</u>	Klett 84	Vankat 78
Johnson 82	Laycock 75	Harniss 81,82	Cox 84	Veblen 91	Wright 82	<u>Colorado</u>
Stephens 87	Leopold 51	Laycock 67	Glendening 52,55	<u>Montana</u>	<u>California</u>	Gary 77
Turner 80b	Martin 66,74a,75	Reppert 73	Hastings 65	Laycock 75	Klett 84	Veblen 91
<u>California</u>	Parker 52	Vale 78	Hodgkinson 84	<u>Nevada</u>	<u>Colorado</u>	<u>Idaho</u>
Magill 89	Reynolds 56,68	Yeo 90	Hughes 90	Timothy 80	Klett 84	Stickney 86
<u>Colorado</u>	Rich 61	<u>Montana</u>	Humphrey 63,87	<u>South Dakota</u>	<u>Idaho</u>	<u>Montana</u>
Anonymous 91	Robinett 90,92	Anonymous 67,71	Tschirley 61,64	Lee 83	Klett 84	Anonymous 71
Atheam 88	Turner 80a	<u>New Mexico</u>	Nevada	Progulske 74,91	<u>Montana</u>	Gruell 82
Grette 90	Wright 80	Leopold 51	Burkhardt 91	<u>Utah</u>	Anonymous 69,79,	Lyon 76,84
McGinnies 91	<u>Idaho</u>	<u>Utah</u>	<u>New Mexico</u>	Tixer 88	84,8?	<u>Oregon</u>
Schulz 90	Gruell 86	Rogers 84	Humphrey 87	<u>Wyoming</u>	<u>Nevada</u>	Edgerton 83
Tohill 90	Sharp 90	Washington	Leopold 51	Bighorn NF	Klett 84	Skovlin 91
<u>Idaho</u>	<u>Montana</u>	Daubenmire 70	Potter 67	Volunteers 76	<u>New Mexico</u>	Weaver 59,68
Anonymous 91	Branson 81	<u>Wyoming</u>	Utah	Gruell 73,79	Gehlbach 81	<u>South Dakota</u>
Chaney 91	<u>Nevada</u>	Anonymous 67	Burkhardt 91	Houston 82	Humphrey 87	Lee 83
Ellis 93	Burkhardt 91	Gruell 80a,b	<u>New Mexico</u>	<u>Northern Rockies</u>	Klett 84	Progulske 74,91
<u>Montana</u>	Gruell 86	Houston 82	Laycock 75	Gruell 83	<u>South Dakota</u>	Shideler 73
Anonymous 67,71	<u>New Mexico</u>	Loop 73			Wright 82	<u>Washington</u>
Chadde 88	Columbus 80	Vale 78			Utah	Weaver 57,67
Eichorn 82	Hennessy 83	<u>Intermountain</u>			Klett 84	<u>Wyoming</u>
<u>Nevada</u>	Malde 73	Blaiddell 83			<u>Wyoming</u>	Amundson 91
Burkhardt 91	<u>Oregon</u>	<u>Western US</u>			Dorn 86	Berntsen 83
Chaney 91	Shinn 80	Johnson 86			Kay 92	Bighorn NF
<u>New Mexico</u>	<u>Texas</u>				Klett 84	Volunteers 76
Humphrey 87	Nelson 81,84,87				Wright 82	Gruell 73,79,
<u>Oregon</u>	<u>Utah</u>				80a,b	80a,b
Anonymous 91	Gruell 86					Hoffman 76
Chaney 91	Lohman 74					Phillips 63
Elmore 87	Rogers 82					Western US
Skovlin 91	Urniss 83					Dingus 82
<u>Utah</u>	<u>Wyoming</u>					Unknown
Stephens 87	Amundson 91					Anonymous 43
<u>Washington</u>	Fisser 84					
Rickard 82	Gruell 86					
<u>Wyoming</u>	Johnson 87					
Amundson 91						
Anonymous 67						
Bighorn NF						
Volunteers 76						
Chadde 91						
Chaney 91						
Houston 82						
Johnson 87						
Stephens 87						
<u>Aspen woodlands</u>	<u>Oak & oak-juniper woodlands</u>	<u>Pinyon-juniper woodlands</u>	<u>Tamarisk</u>	<u>Brush control</u>	<u>Sub-alpine</u>	<u>Desert</u>
<u>New Mexico</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>California</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>
Potter 67	Bahre 78	Despain 87	Hughes 93	Cable 75,76	Vale 87	Hastings 65
<u>Oregon</u>	Hastings 65	Leopold 51	<u>Nevada</u>	Martin 68,69,74b	Vankat 78	Humphrey 87
Anderson 90	Humphrey 87	<u>Nevada</u>	Hughes 93	<u>Colorado</u>	<u>Oregon</u>	Lowe 59
<u>Utah</u>	<u>California</u>	Hattori 87	<u>Utah</u>	Fowler 90	Strickler 61,80	Martin 77
Buchanan 71	Vankat 78	<u>New Mexico</u>	Baars 71	<u>Wyoming</u>	<u>Utah</u>	Simmons 66
Harniss 90	<u>New Mexico</u>	Potter 67	Hughes 93	Ellison 54	<u>Wyoming</u>	Steenbergh 83
Mueggler 77	Humphrey 87	Rogers 84	Sturges 93	Bighorn NF	Turner 90	<u>California</u>
<u>Wyoming</u>	Houston 82			Volunteers 76	Webb 83	Utah
				Gruell 73	Shoemaker 75	
<u>Forest-grass ecotone</u>	<u>Desert shrub & shrub-grasslands</u>	<u>Shortgrass prairie</u>	<u>Mixed prairie</u>	<u>Bunchgrass</u>	<u>Tallgrass prairie</u>	<u>Annual grasslands</u>
<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Arizona</u>	<u>Montana</u>	<u>Idaho</u>	<u>Missouri</u>	<u>California</u>
Arnold 50	Ames 77	Bahre 78	Anonymous 67	Porter 88	Martin 93	Biswell 63
<u>Montana</u>	Cable 67,73	<u>Colorado</u>	<u>Wyoming</u>	<u>Oregon</u>		Williams 87
Arno 83	<u>Nevada</u>	Kipple 60	Anonymous 67	Anderson 90		
<u>New Mexico</u>	Blackburn 70	McGinnies 91	Burr 61	Reid 80,91		
Allison 93		Peterson 92,93	Johnson 87			
<u>South Dakota</u>						
Progulske 74,91						

Annotated Bibliography

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Five pairs; 1977 & 1985, 1978 & 1985, 1980 & 1984 (quadrat), 1983 & 1990, 1985 & 1987. One trio; 1986, 1987 & 1989. Shrub-grassland and riparian, color.
- Allison, C. D.** 1993. Rangeland through time: a photographic documentation of range change in northern New Mexico, USA. *Proc. XVII Intl. Grassl. Cong.*:1614–1615.
Three pairs, 1957 & 1990, grassland transition to spruce or sedge.
- Allred, K. W.** 1993. The trail of E. O. Wooton. *New Mexico Resources Iss.* IX:3–18.
One pair, 1904 & 1992, desert shrub, New Mexico, color.
- Ames, C. R.** 1977. Along the Mexican border—then and now. *J. Ariz. Hist.* 18(4):431–446.
Six pairs, Arizona-Sonora border, 1892 & 1969. Desert shrub & grassland.
- Amundson, M. A.** 1991. Wyoming time and again. *Pruett Publ. Co.* Boulder, Colo.
One hundred pairs, mostly urban or geological. Nineteen pairs, 1899–1910 & 1987–1988, and 1 pair, 1924 & 1988, include enough of the landscape to show vegetation change. An additional 11 pairs, 1901–1909 & 1987–1988, show recovery of vegetation on former townsites. Riparian, shrub-grass, and coniferous forest.
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Two pairs, 1979 & 1987, 1 bunchgrass and 1 aspen, Ore.
- Anonymous.** 1943. Range and livestock production practices in the Southwest. *USDA Misc. Pub.* 529.
Seven pairs, 1 trio, no dates or locations.
- Anonymous.** 1967. Land planning and classification report of the public domain lands in the Tongue River Area, Montana and Wyoming. *USDI, BLM Admin. Rep.*
Nine pairs 1907 & 1962; 6 pairs 1924–26 & 1961–62. Discusses 168 pairs. Riparian, sagebrush-grass, mixed grass.
- Anonymous.** 1969. Land planning and classification report of the public domain lands in the Middle Yellowstone River Area, Montana. *USDI, BLM Admin. Rep.*
Twenty-four pairs, 1907–30 & 1962–63.
- Anonymous.** 1971. Land planning and classification report of the public domain lands in the Musselshell River Area, Montana. *USDI, BLM, Montana State Off., Billings, Mont.*
Two pairs 1892 & 1962–64, 7 pairs 1903–05 & 1964–65, 2 pairs 1910 & 1966–67, 1 pair 1932 & 1964. Riparian, sagebrush-grass, coniferous forest.
- Anonymous.** 1979. Historical comparison photography: Missouri Breaks, Montana. *USDI, BLM, Montana State Off., Billings, Mont.*
Nineteen pairs 1903–07 & 1977; 25 pairs 1920–32 & 1977. One trio 1880–90, 1963 & 1977; 18 trios 1903–08, 1960–64 & 1977; 5 trios 1917–20, 1959–66 & 1977; 3 trios 1932, 1964 & 1977. Wide variety of plant communities and topography.
- Anonymous.** 1984. Historical comparison photography: Headwaters Resource Area, Butte District, Montana. *USDI, BLM, Montana State Off., Billings, Mont.*
Seventy pairs: first photographed “no date” (16), 1898 (7), “early 1900’s” (2), 1900–06 (12), 1910–16 (7), 1920–28 (17), 1931–38 (9). Rephotographed 1980–83. Two trios; 1898, 1921 & 1982 and 1937, 1980 & 1983. Wide variety of plant communities and topography.
- Anonymous.** 1987. Historical comparison photography: Mountain Foothills, Dillon Resource Area, Montana. *USDI, BLM, Montana State Off., Billings, Mont.*
Fifty-five pairs: first photographed 1865 (2), ca. 1880 (1), 1884 (1), ca. 1900 (1), ca. 1910 (12), 1916–17 (7), 1925–30 (13), 1935–40 (17), 1947 (1). Rephotographed 1978–79. Foothills and valleys, some riparian.
- Anonymous.** 1991. Riparian-Wetland Initiative for the 1990’s. *USDI, BLM, Washington, D.C.*
Five pairs. 1976 & 1987, Colorado; 1976 & 1986 and 1978 & 1986, Oregon; 1975 & 1990, Idaho; 1984 & 1988, Arizona. Effects of improved riparian management, color.
- Arno, S. F. and G. E. Gruell.** 1983. Fire history at the forest-grassland ecotone in southwestern Montana. *J. Range Manage.* 36:332–336.
Two pairs; 1872 & 1981 and 1936 & 1981.
- Arnold, J. F.** 1950. Changes in ponderosa pine bunchgrass ranges in northern Arizona resulting from pine regeneration and grazing. *J. For.* 48:118–126.
Two pairs, 1921–23 & 1947.
- Athearn, F. J.** 1988. Habitat in the past: Historical perspectives of riparian zones on the White River. *BLM Colorado State Office Cultural Resource Ser.* 23.
Two pairs 1907–08 & 1988, 2 pairs 1911 & 1988, 2 pairs 1924–25 & 1988, 6 pairs undated & 1988. Riparian and sagebrush grass, Colorado.
- Baars, D. L. and C. M. Molenaar.** 1971. Geology of Canyonlands and Cataract Canyon. *Four Corners Geol. Soc. 6th Field Conf. Guidebook.*
Five pairs, 1871 & 1978. Increase in tamarisk.
- Bahre, C. J.** 1991. *A legacy of change: human impact on vegetation of the Arizona borderlands.* Univ. Arizona Press, Tucson, Ariz.
Eleven trios; 1882–1912, 1962–86 & 1988–90. Two pairs (aerial), 1936 & 1983–84. Desert shrub-grasslands.
- Bahre, C. J. and D. E. Bradbury.** 1978. Vegetation change along the Arizona-Sonora boundary. *Ann. Assoc. Amer. Geog.* 68: 145–165.
Twelve trios; 1892, 1969 & 1976; 3 desert grassland, 4 oak woodland, 4 shortgrass prairie, and 1 riparian forest. Four are same as Ames (1977).
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Fourteen pairs, 1979 & 1982. Recovery after cutting.
- Bezanson, C. E., and L. E. Hughes.** 1989. A riparian zone—one story. *Rangelands* 11:56–57.
Two pairs, 1976 & 1987, Arizona.
- Bighorn National Forest Volunteer Committee.** 1976. *Re-discovering the Big Horns—a pictorial study of 75 years of ecological change.* Wyoming State Hist. Soc., Cheyenne, Wyo.
Thirty-six pairs, 1900 & 1975–76. Forest, mountain meadow, riparian, alpine in Wyoming.
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One set of 5; 1949, 1950, 1952, 1955 & 1960. One undated set of 4. Woodland grass, California.
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One pair, 1923 & 1966.
- Blaisdell, J. P., and R. C. Holmgren.** 1984. Managing intermountain rangelands—salt-desert shrub ranges. *USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-163.*
One pair 1935 & 1982. Desert grass, Wah-Wah Valley, Ut.
- Blaisdell, J. P., R. B. Murray, and E. D. McArthur.** 1983. Managing intermountain rangelands—sagebrush grass ranges. *USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-134.*
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One pair, 1975 and 1986, Arizona.
- Branson, F. A.** 1985. Vegetation changes on western rangelands. *Soc. Range Manage. Range Monogr.* 2. Soc. Range Management, Denver, Colo.
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- Buchanan, H.** 1971. Changing conditions in the forests of Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah. *Proc. Utah Acad. Sci. Arts & Let.* 48:31-36.
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- Cable, D. W.** 1976. Twenty years of change in grass production following mesquite control and reseeding. *J. Range Manage.* 29:286-289.
 One trio; 1956, 1958 & 1974; Santa Rita Experimental Range, Arizona.
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 Four pairs; 1893 & 1988, 1896-97 & 1988, 1915 & 1987, 1949 & 1988. One trio; 1921, 1954 & 1986. Riparian, Wyoming.
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 Three pairs; 1975 & 1985, Nevada; 1976 & 1986, Oregon; 1985 & 1986, Idaho. Also 2 near-matches; 1976 & 1980, Wyoming; 1985 & 1988, Idaho. Color.
- Columbus, J. T.** 1980. Watershed abuse—the effect on a town. *Rangelands* 2:148-151.
 One pair, 1908 & 1980, juniper-grassland, New Mexico.
- Cox, J. R., H. L. Morton, J. T. La Baume, and K. G. Renard.** 1983. Reviving Arizona's rangelands. *J. Soil Water Cons.* 38:342-345.
 Two pairs, 1933 & 1980, and 1 pair "before and after brush control," shrub-grass, Arizona.
- Cox, J. R., H. L. Morton, T. N. Johnsen Jr., G. L. Jordan, S. C. Martin, and L. C. Fierro.** 1984. Vegetation restoration in the Chihuahuan and Sonoran deserts of North America. *Rangelands* 6:112-115.
 Two pairs, 1902 & 1980 and 1933 & 1980, desert grassland, Arizona.
- Daubenmire, R.** 1970. Steppe vegetation of Washington. *Washington Agr. Exp. Sta. Tech. Bull.* 62.
 One pair "10 years apart," sagebrush-grass and riparian; 1 undated pair bluebunch wheatgrass-sandberg bluegrass; 1 trio 1916, 1939 & 1968, grassland.
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- Dingus, R.** 1982. The photographic artifacts of Timothy O'Sullivan. *Univ. New Mexico Press, Albuquerque, N.M.*
 . Fifty-eight pairs, 1867-74 & 1980, all over West.
- Dorn, R. D.** 1986. The Wyoming landscape, 1805-1878. *Mountain West Publ., Cheyenne, Wyo.*
 One pair, 1866 & 1985, shrub-grass; 4 pairs, 1870 & 1985, 1 greasewood, 1 riparian, 2 grassland; 1 pair, 1870 & 1937, riparian. Also extensive bibliography of travelers' journals describing 19th-century landscapes, with 14 photos of same areas in 1985.
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 One hundred nine pairs, over 80-100 years, variety of ecosystems.
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 Three pairs, 1936-37 & 1981, reservoirs and watersheds on grasslands, Montana.
- Ellis, S. and L. Danly.** 1993. Prescription for a troubled stream. *Rangelands* 15:233-235.
 One pair, 1988 & 1990; one trio, 1985, 1986 & 1990. Idaho.
- Ellison, L.** 1954. Subalpine vegetation of the Wasatch Plateau, Utah. *Ecol. Monogr.* 24:89-184.
 Two pairs, 1913 & 1940 and 1913 & 1947, small quadrats. Four pairs, 1910 & 1948, 1917 & 1941, 1932 & 1947, 1943 & 1948.
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 Five pairs in color; 1976 & 1984, before and after 3 years of rest, 1976 & 1986, 1968 & 1984, before and after 8 years of exclusion from grazing, Oregon.
- Fisser, H. G. and L. A. Joyce.** 1984. Atriplex-grass and forb relationships under no grazing and shifting precipitation patterns in north-central Wyoming, p. 87-96. *In:* A. R. Tiedemann, E. D. McArthur, H. C. Stutz, R. Stevens, and K. L. Johnson (comps.) *Proceedings of the symposium on the biology of Atriplex and related chenopods.* USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-172.
 One pair, 1964 & 1979.
- Fowler, R.** 1990. Grazing management heads Colorado range in right direction. *Rangelands* 12:308-312.
 Two pairs, 1976 & 1990 and 1976 & 1983, sagebrush control, color.
- Gary, H. L. and P. O. Currie.** 1977. The Front Range pine type—A 40-year photographic record of plant recovery on an abused watershed. *USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. RM-46.*
 Fifteen pairs, 1937 & 1977, Colorado.
- Gehlbach, F. R.** 1981. Mountain islands and desert seas. *Texas A & M Univ. Press, College Station, Tex.*
 73 pairs, 80-100 years apart, of monument markers along US-Mexican border between Rio Grande and Colorado Rivers. Variety of ecosystems. See also Dutton (1981) and Humphrey (1987).
- Gibbens, R. P. and H. F. Heady.** 1964. The influence of modern man on the vegetation of Yosemite Valley. *California Agr. Exp. Sta. Ext. Serv. Man.* 36.
 Two pairs, 1866 & 1961, 1921-33 & 1961. Nine trios; 1866-1899, 1943 & 1961. Meadow and coniferous forest.
- Glendening, G. E.** 1952. Some quantitative data on the increase of mesquite and cactus on a desert grassland range in southern Arizona. *Ecol.* 33:319-328.
 One pair, 1932 & 1949, increase in woody plants and decrease in grass in exclosure.
- Glendening, G. E.** 1955. Reproduction and establishment of velvet mesquite as related to invasion of semidesert grasslands. *USDA For. Serv. Tech. Bull.* 1127.
 One pair, 1903 & 1941, Arizona.
- Grette, T.** 1990. Successful range management in the McCoy Gulch riparian demonstration area. *Rangelands* 12:305-307.
 Two pairs, 1987 & 1990, Colorado, color.

- Gruell, G. E.** 1973. An ecological evaluation of Big Game Ridge. USDA For. Serv. Intermtn Region, Ogden, Ut. One pair, 1872 & 1969; 1 pair, 1893 & 1968; 4 pairs, 1915 & 1969-71; 4 pairs, 1928 & 1969; 1 pair, 1967 & 1971. One trio, 1969, 1970 & 1971. Coniferous forest, mountain meadows and alpine, Teton National Forest, Wyoming.
- Gruell, G. E.** 1979. Habitat investigations and management implications on the Bridger-Teton National Forest, p. 63-74. In: M. S. Boyce and L. D. Hayden-Wing (eds.) North American elk; ecology, behavior and management. Univ. Wyoming, Laramie, Wyo. Six pairs; 1878 & 1968, 1887-96 & 1969, 1899 & 1971, 1906 & 1968, 1918 & 1967, 1939 & 1968. Coniferous forest and meadows, Wyoming.
- Gruell, G. E.** 1980a. Fire's influence on wildlife habitat on the Bridger-Teton National Forest, Wyoming. Vol. I—Photographic record and analysis. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper INT-235. Eighty-five pairs: 11 pairs, 1872-78 & 1968-69; 2 pairs, 1883 & 1970; 19 pairs, 1892-99 & 1968-75; 22 pairs, 1900-09 & 1968-74; 16 pairs, 1910-19 & 1968-71; 11 pairs, 1920-28 & 1968-72; 3 pairs, 1935-39 & 1968-73; and 3 pairs, 1942 & 1968-70. Sagebrush and coniferous forest.
- Gruell, G. E.** 1980b. Fire's influence on wildlife habitat on the Bridger-Teton National Forest, Wyoming. Vol. II—Changes and causes; management implications. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper INT-235. Four pairs; ca. 1905 & 1972, 1954 & 1968 (quadrat), 1954 & 1976 (quadrat), 1967 & 1969.
- Gruell, G. E.** 1983. Fire and vegetative trends in the Northern Rockies: Interpretations from 1871-1982 photographs. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-158. Eighty-three pairs. First photographed 1871-72 (14), 1880-88 (7), 1894-99 (3), 1900-09 (24), 1910-17 (6), 1920-28 (15), 1930-36 (5), 1940-46 (4). Rephotographed 1979-82. Coniferous forest, meadows.
- Gruell, G. E.** 1986. Post-1900 mule deer eruptions in the Intermountain West: principle cause and influences. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-206. Five pairs: 1868 & 1982, juniper-grass, Nevada; 1870 & 1967, sagebrush-grass, Wyoming; 1871 & 1981, recovery of valley from mining, Montana; 1901 & 1976, juniper-grass, Utah; 1907 & 1982, juniper-grass, Idaho.
- Gruell, G. E., W. C. Schmidt, S. F. Arno, and W. J. Reich.** 1982. Seventy years of vegetative change in a managed ponderosa pine forest in western Montana—Implications for resource management. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-130. Ten sets of seven; 1909, 1925, 1937, 1948, 1958, 1968 & 1969. One set of four; 1909, 1925, 1937 & 1948.
- Harniss, R. O. and D. L. Barton.** 1990. Pine Hollow exclosures—a 19-year record of an aspen stand treated with 2,4-D. Rangelands 12:37-39. One trio; 1965, 1968 & 1984, Utah.
- Harniss, R. O. and H. A. Wright.** 1981. Summer grazing of sagebrush grass range by sheep—a photo record. Rangelands 3:160-162. Three pairs, 1965 & 1974, Idaho. Better photos than Harniss and Wright (1982).
- Harniss, R. O. and H. A. Wright.** 1982. Summer grazing of sagebrush-grass range by sheep. J. Range Manage. 35:13-17. Three sets of four, 1965, 1966, 1969 & 1974. Early, late or no grazing, fuzzy closeups, Idaho.
- Hastings, J. R. and R. M. Turner.** 1965. The changing mile; an ecological study of vegetation change with time in the lower mile of an arid and semiarid region. Univ. Arizona Press, Tucson, Ariz. Ninety-six pairs. Oak woodland: 20 pairs, 1887-95 & 1962; 3 pairs, 1909-11 & 1962; 3 pairs, 1925-31 & 1962. Desert grassland: 3 pairs, 1883-87 & 1960-62; 27 pairs, 1890-99 & 1960-65; 4 pairs 1911-15 & 1962. Desert: 3 pairs, 1890 & 1962; 12 pairs 1903-08 & 1960-62; 9 pairs 1913-16 & 1960-62; 12 pairs 1932-35 & 1960-62. Arizona and Sonora.
- Hattori, E. M. and M. A. Thompson.** 1987. Episodic, historic pinyon use and deforestation in the Cortez Mining District, Eureka County, Nevada, p. 125-128. In: R. L. Everett (comp.) Proceedings—pinyon-juniper conference. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-215. One pair, 1900 & 1983.
- Heady, H. F. and P. J. Zinke.** 1978. Vegetational changes in Yosemite Valley. US Dept. Int. Natl. Park Serv. Occ. Paper 5. Two pairs, 1866 & 1961-73, conifers and meadow.
- Heede, B. H.** 1976. Gully development and control: the status of our knowledge. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper RM-169. One pair, 1961 & 1964, gully control, no location.
- Hennessy, J. T., R. P. Gibbens, J. M. Tromble, and M. Cardenas.** 1983. Vegetation changes from 1935 to 1980 in mesquite dunelands and former grasslands of southern New Mexico. J. Range Manage. 36:370-374. One pair, 1934 & 1980.
- Hodgkinson, H. S.** 1984. Conservation on Hopi rangelands. Rangelands 6:155-157. Five pairs; first photographed in 1936, 1945 (2), 1957, or 1962, rephotographed in 1982. Desert grassland, Arizona.
- Hoffman, G. R. and R. R. Alexander.** 1976. Forest vegetation of the Bighorn Mountains, Wyoming: a habitat type classification. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper RM-170. Two pairs, 1901-05 & 1973.
- Houston, D. B.** 1982. The northern Yellowstone elk; ecology and management. MacMillan, N.Y. Sixty pairs, three larger sets. Seven pairs, 1871 & 1971-73; 27 pairs, 1885-1900 & 1970-74; 9 pairs, 1900-18 & 1969-73; 5 pairs, 1921-29 & 1971-73; landscape scale. One set of five, 1949, 1950, 1954, 1958, & 1978; 1 pair, 1933 & 1972; 3 pairs, 1941-43 & 1971-74; 6 pairs 1954-58 & 1974; site scale. One set of five, 1949, 1950, 1954, 1958, & 1978; 1 trio, 1948, 1958 & 1978; 2 pairs 1951 & 1958; quadrats. Coniferous forest, meadow, sagebrush-grass, aspen, riparian, Wyoming.
- Hughes, L. E.** 1980. Six grazing exclosures with a message. Rangelands 2:17-18. Two pairs, 1953 & 1975, sagebrush-grass, Arizona.
- Hughes, L. E.** 1990. Twenty years of rest-rotation grazing on the Arizona Strip—an observation. Rangelands 12:173-176. Three pairs, 1969 or 1974 & 1988, shrub-grass and desert grassland, Arizona.
- Hughes, L. E.** 1991. Drought and 2 grazing systems. Rangelands 13:229-232. Three pairs, 1986 & 1990, shrub-grass, Arizona, color.
- Hughes, L. E.** 1993. "The devil's own"—tamarisk. Rangelands 15:151-155. Three pairs; 1921 & 1992, 1940 & 1991, 1966 & 1992. Nevada, Utah and Arizona.
- Humphrey, R. R.** 1963. The role of fire in the desert and desert grassland areas of Arizona. Proc. Tall Timbers Fire Ecol. Conf. 2:44-61. Tall Timbers Res. Station, Tallahassee, Fla. Two pairs, 1893 & 1963 and 1903 & 1941.
- Humphrey, R. R.** 1987. Ninety years and 535 miles: vegetation changes along the Mexican border. Univ. New Mexico Press, Albuquerque, N.M. Two hundred three pairs, 1892-93 & 1983-84. One hundred thirty-four desert, 40 semi-desert grassland, 12 oak and juniper woodland, 2 semi-desert grassland and scrub, 8 semi-desert grassland and woodland, 2 riparian, 5 urban. Arizona, New Mexico, Chihuahua, Sonora.
- Johnsen, T. N. Jr. and J. W. Elson.** 1979. Sixty years of change on a central Arizona grassland-juniper woodland ecotone. USDA-SEA ARM-W-7. Twenty pairs, 1916 & 1977.
- Johnson, K. L.** 1986. Sagebrush over time: a photographic study of rangeland change, p. 223-253. In: E. D. McArthur and B. L. Welch (comp.) Proceedings of the Symposium on Biology of *Artemisia* and *Chrysothamnus*. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-200. Ten pairs, 1869-72 & 1977-79, and 8 pairs, 1869-72 & 1984-85. One trio 1871, 1976 & 1985.
- Johnson, K. L.** 1987. Rangeland through time. Univ. Wyoming Agr. Exp. Sta. Misc. Publ. 50. Fifty-six pairs, 1869-70 & 1977-85. Twenty-eight plains grasslands and shrub-grasslands, 15 riparian, 13 foothills and mountains. Fifty-five pairs in Wyoming, 1 in Utah, many with geologic landmarks.

- Johnson, R. R. and S. W. Carothers.** 1982. Riparian habitats and recreation: Interrelationships and impacts in the Southwest and Rocky Mountain region. Eisenhower Consortium for Western Environmental Forestry Bull. 12.
- Two pairs, 1940-42 & 1981, Arizona.
- Kay, C. E.** 1992. Yellowstone before and after. Montana Stockgrower 64(1):32-34.
- Three pairs; 1893 & 1988, 1896-97 & 1988, 1949 & 1988.
- Klett, M., E. Manchester, J. Verburg, G. Bushaw, and R. Dingus.** 1984. Second view: the Rephotographic Survey Project. Univ. New Mexico Press, Albuquerque, N.M.
- One hundred eighteen pairs and 1 trio, first photographed over wide range of dates, rephotographed 1977-79. Four pairs from Arizona, 2 pairs from California, 36 pairs and 1 trio from Colorado, 5 pairs from Idaho, 17 pairs from Nevada, 5 pairs from New Mexico, 29 pairs from Utah, 20 pairs from Wyoming. Many are primarily geological, but most show some vegetation of most of the types present in the region.
- Klipple, G. E. and D. F. Costello.** 1960. Vegetation and cattle responses to different intensities of grazing on short-grass ranges on the Central Great Plains. USDA Tech. Bull. 1216.
- One pair, 1942 & 1948, Colorado.
- Knapp, P. A., P. L. Warren, and C. F. Hutchinson.** 1990. The use of large-scale aerial photography to inventory and monitor arid rangeland vegetation. *J. Environ. Manage.* 31:29-38.
- Laycock, W. A.** 1967. How heavy grazing and protection affect sagebrush-grass ranges. *J. Range Manage.* 20:206-213.
- One set of four; 1952, 1955, 1958, and 1964. One pair, 1952 & 1964. Idaho.
- Laycock, W. A. (ed.)** 1975. Rangeland reference areas. SRM Range Sci. Ser. 3. Soc. Range Management, Denver, Colo.
- Four pairs; 1945 & 1974, juniper-grass, Arizona; 1946 & 1965, mountain grassland, Montana; 1932 & 1953 (landscape) and 1919 & 1953 (quadrat), grassland, Utah.
- Lee, B.** 1983. They came for the gold and stayed for the grass. *Rangelands* 5:195-199.
- One pair, 1874 & 1983, coniferous forest and meadow, South Dakota.
- Leopold, L. B.** 1951. Vegetation of southwestern watersheds in the nineteenth century. *Geogr. Rev.* 41:295-316.
- Two pairs; 1910 & 1946, sagebrush-grass, and 1900 & 1946, desert grass, New Mexico. Two pairs, 1895 & 1940, shrub-grass and juniper, Arizona. Mentions 59 pairs, lists 30 early manuscripts on vegetation of the Southwest.
- Lohman, S. W.** 1974. The geologic story of Canyonlands National Park. *US Geol. Surv. Bull.* 1327.
- Two pairs 1871 & 1968, rock formations with some vegetation, Utah.
- Loope, L. L. and G. E. Gruell.** 1973. The ecological role of fire in the Jackson Hole area, northwestern Wyoming. *Quat. Res.* 3:425-443.
- Two pairs, 1899 & 1971, forest and sagebrush-grass.
- Lowe, C. H. Jr.** 1959. Contemporary biota of the Sonoran Desert-problems, p. 54-74. In: Univ. Arizona Arid Lands Colloquia.
- One pair, 1907 & 1959; 1 trio, 1906, 1928 & 1959.
- Lyon, L. J.** 1976. Vegetal development in the Sleeping Child Burn in western Montana, 1961-1973. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper INT-184.
- Two sets of seven, 1962, 1963, 1965, 1967, 1969, 1971, & 1973, showing recovery of coniferous forest from burn.
- Lyon, L. J.** 1984. The Sleeping Child Burn—21 years of postfire change. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper INT-330.
- Three sets of 8; 1962, odd years 1963 through 1973, & 1982. Recovery of coniferous forest from burn, Montana.
- Magill, A. W.** 1989. Monitoring environmental change with color slides. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. PSW-117.
- Fourteen pairs; first photographed 1964 (2), 1965 (3), 1966 (2), 1967, 1969 (4), and 1977 (2), rephotographed 1986. Two pairs; 1965 & 1977 and 1966 & 1985. Seven trios; first two photographs 1964 & 1969, 1964 & 1977 (2), 1965 & 1970, 1965 & 1977, 1967 & 1969, and 1969 & 1977, third photograph 1986. Coniferous forest and riparian, recovery from logging and recreational use, California, color.
- Malde, H. E.** 1973. Geologic bench marks by terrestrial photography. *US Geol. Surv. J. Res.* 1:193-206.
- Two pairs, 1915 & 1970, desert grassland with juniper, N.M.
- Martin, P. and G. F. Houf.** 1993. Glade grasslands in southwest Missouri. *Rangelands* 15:70-73.
- One pair, 1963 & 1983, landscape and quadrat; 1 pair landscape only, no dates.
- Martin, S. C.** 1966. The Santa Rita Experimental Range—a center for research on improvement and management of semidesert rangelands. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper RM-22.
- Two pairs, 1903 & 1964 and 1960 & 1964; 1 trio, 1905, 1941 & 1962; 2 trios, 1959, 1962 & 1963; 1 set of four, 1920, 1935, 1958, & 1962. Shrub-grass, Arizona.
- Martin, S. C.** 1968. Improving semidesert ranges in southern Arizona, USA, by grazing management and shrub control. *Ann. Arid Zone* 7:235-242.
- Two trios; 1919, 1935 & 1958 and 1919, 1948 & 1962.
- Martin, S. C.** 1975. Ecology and management of southwestern semidesert grass-shrub ranges—The status of our knowledge. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper RM-156.
- Three pairs; 1903 & 1941, 1903 & 1964, 1922 & 1935. One trio; 1905, 1941 & 1962. Two trios; 1961, 1962 & 1963. Arizona.
- Martin, S. C. and D. R. Cable.** 1974a. Managing semidesert grass-shrub ranges—vegetation responses to precipitation, grazing, soil texture, and mesquite control. USDA For. Serv. Tech. Bull. 1480.
- Two pairs, 1903 & 1964. One trio; 1959, 1962 & 1963. Two trios; 1958, 1959 & 1966. Arizona.
- Martin, S. C. and F.H. Tschirley.** 1969. Changes in cactus numbers after cabling. *Prog. Agr. Ariz.* 21(1):16-17.
- One trio, before & after cabling in 1961 & 1966; 1 pair, 1961 & 1966. Shrub-grass, Arizona.
- Martin, S. C. and R. M. Turner.** 1977. Vegetation change in the Sonoran Desert Region, Arizona and Sonora. *J. Arizona Acad. Sci.* 12(2):59-69.
- Six series of three to six: 1903, 1941 & 1975; 1905, 1941, 1962, & 1975; 1906, 1928, 1959, 1968, & 1975; 1907, 1959 & 1970; 1919, 1951 & 1975; and 1922, 1935, 1947, 1958, 1969, & 1975.
- Martin, S. C., J. L. Thames and E. B. Fish.** 1974b. Changes in cactus numbers and herbage production after chaining and mesquite control. *Prog. Agr. Ariz.* 26(6):3-6.
- Two trios; 1905, 1940 & 1962 and 1959, 1970 & 1974. Arizona.
- McGinnies, W. J., H. L. Shantz, and W. G. McGinnies.** 1991. Changes in vegetation and land use in eastern Colorado: a photographic study, 1904 to 1986. USDA, ARS ARS-85.
- Fifty-eight matched sets, several other poorly matched sets. Grasslands: 1 set of four, 14 trios, 8 pairs; photographed on some combination of 1907-10, 1913-14, 1937-40, 1949-53, & 1985-86. Transition and foothills: 12 trios, 1904-13, 1949 & 1985-86; 2 pairs, 1904-13 & 1949. Blowouts: 6 sets of four, 1909-15, 1940, 1949-53, 1985-88; 4 trios with one of the preceding dates omitted; 2 pairs, 1907 & 1949. Riparian and gullies: 4 trios, 1905-07, 1949 & 1985-86. Windbreaks: 1 set of four, 1908, 1916, 1937, & 1949; 3 pairs, 1908 & 1937, 1915 & 1959, 1937 & 1949.
- Mueggler, W. F. and D. L. Bartos.** 1977. Grindstone Flat and Big Flat exclosures; a 41-year record of changes in clearcut aspen communities. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper INT-195.
- Two pairs, 1942 and 1975, Utah.
- Nelson, J. T.** 1981. The historic vegetative aspect of Ft. Davis, Texas. Fort Davis National Historic Site, National Park Service. (On file at Ft. Davis)
- Nineteen pairs, 1870-90's & 1980's. Invasion and increase of catclaw acacia.
- Nelson, J. T.** 1984. Progress report on Chihuahuan Desert research—creosotebush. Chihuahuan Desert Research Institute, Alpine, Tex. (On file at the Chihuahuan Desert Research Institute)
- Fifteen pairs, 1899 & mid-1980's, Texas.
- Nelson, J. T. and P. L. Beres.** 1987. Was it grassland? A look at vegetation in Brewster County, Texas through the eyes of a photographer in 1899. *Texas J. Agr. Nat. Res.* 1:34-37. (Library, Sul Ross State University, Alpine, Tex)
- Four pairs, 1899 & 1984.

- Parker, K. W. and S. C. Martin. 1952. The mesquite problem on southern Arizona ranges. USDA For. Serv. SW For. Range Exp. Sta. Circ. 908.
- One pair, 1903 & 1941; 2 pairs, 1940 & 1944; 3 pairs, March–April 1945 & September 1945.
- Peterson, M., and B. Berlinger. 1993. Grazing management improves range and livestock production on Colorado's eastern plains. *Rangelands* 15:168–170.
- One pair quadrats, 1984 & 1990, color.
- Peterson, M., K. Lutz, and B. Berlinger. 1992. Rangeland management benefits livestock and wildlife. *Rangelands* 14:73–75.
- One pair, 1986 & 1990, shortgrass, color.
- Phillips, W. S. 1963. Photographic documentation, vegetational changes in northern Great Plains. Univ. Arizona Agr. Exp. Sta. Rep. 214.
- One hundred sixty-three pairs, 1908–1931 & 1958–59.
- Porter, S. D. and C. D. Jorgenson. 1988. Longevity of harvester ant colonies in southern Idaho. *J. Range Manage.* 41:104–107.
- Two pairs, 1977 & 1986, grassland.
- Potter, L. D. and J. C. Krenetsky. 1967. Plant succession with released grazing on New Mexico rangelands. *J. Range Manage.* 20:145–151.
- Six pairs, 1939–40 & 1964, and 2 pairs, 1943 & 1965; grazed vs. ungrazed, grassland, desert grassland, pinyon-juniper, and aspen.
- Progulske, D. R. and F. J. Shideler. 1991. Following Custer. South Dakota State Univ. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 674.
- Twenty-five pairs, 1874 & 1974–75, mostly coniferous forest with some meadows.
- Progulske, D. R. and R. H. Sowell. 1974. Yellow ore, yellow hair, yellow pine—a photographic study of a century of forest ecology. South Dakota State Univ. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 616.
- Forty-two pairs, 1874 & 1974, mostly coniferous forest with some meadows.
- Reid, E. H., C. G. Johnson Jr., and W. B. Hall. 1991. Green fescue grassland: 50 years of secondary succession under sheep grazing. USDA For. Serv. PNW R6-F16-SO-0591.
- One set of six; 1938, 1944, 1956, 1968, 1978, & 1988. Six sets of four; 1938, 1956, 1978, & 1988. Four trios; 1938, 1956 & 1988. Oregon.
- Reid, E. H., G. S. Stricker, and W. B. Hall. 1980. Green fescue grassland—40 years of secondary succession. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper PNW-274.
- Three pairs; 1938 & 1956, 1960 or 1978. Three pairs, 1968 & 1978. One trio; 1938, 1944 & 1956. Six trios; 1938, 1956 & 1978. Oregon.
- Reppert, J. N. and R. E. Francis. 1973. Interpretation of trend in range condition from 3-step data. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper RM-103.
- One set of four; 1954, 1959, 1964, & 1969, meadow. One trio; 1952, 1957 & 1962, sagebrush-grass. Landscape and close-up at each date, Idaho.
- Reynolds, H. G. and J. W. Bohning. 1956. Effects of burning on a desert grass-shrub range in southern Arizona. *Ecol.* 37:769–777.
- One pair, 1903 & 1941; 1 trio, 1952, 1953 & 1954.
- Reynolds, H. G. and S. C. Martin. 1968. Managing grass-shrub cattle ranges in the Southwest. USDA For. Serv. Agric. Handb. 162.
- Two trios; 1919, 1930 & 1948 and 1959, 1962 & 1963. One pair, “18 years apart.” Arizona.
- Rich, L. R. 1961. Surface runoff and erosion in the lower chaparral zone, Arizona. USDA For. Serv. Rocky Mtn. For. Range Exp. Sta. Paper 66.
- Five pairs; 1936 & 1950, 1935–36 & 1953 (3), 1936 & 1960.
- Rickard, W. H. and C. E. Cushing. 1982. Recovery of streamside woody vegetation after exclusion of livestock grazing. *J. Range Manage.* 35:360–361.
- One pair, 1963 & 1980, Washington, aerial.
- Robinett, D. 1990. Tohono O'odham range history. *Rangelands* 12:296–300.
- Three pairs, 1893 & 1983, shrub-grass, Sonora-Arizona border.
- Robinett, D. 1992. Drought and recovery in the Upper Sonoran Desert. *Rangelands* 14:219–222.
- One set of five, 1988 to 1990, color.
- Rogers, G. F. 1982. Then and now: a photographic history of vegetation change in the Central Great Basin Desert. Univ. Utah Press, Salt Lake City, Utah.
- Three trios; first photographed 1901, 1913 or 1917, rephotographed 1968–69 & 1977–78. Forty-six pairs; 1868–69 & 1977–80 (6), 1901 & 1976–80 (20), 1910–16 & 1976–79 (17), 1913 & 1968 (2), 1968 & 1977 (1).
- Rogers, G. F., H. E. Malde, and R. M. Turner. 1984. Bibliography of repeat photography for evaluating landscape change. Univ. Utah Press, Salt Lake City, Ut.
- Four pairs: 1874 & 1975, sandstone monuments, Colorado; 1907 & 1962, desert, Sonora; 1899 & 1977, juniper, New Mexico; 1869 & 1978, sagebrush, Utah. One trio; 1869, 1940 & 1980, Utah. Over 450 entries in bibliography, but many are of cities or glaciers with little natural vegetation visible.
- Schulz, T. T. and W. C. Leininger. 1990. Differences in riparian vegetation structure between grazed areas and exclosures. *J. Range Manage.* 43:295–299.
- One pair, 1949 & 1978, Colorado.
- Sharp, L. A., K. Sanders, and N. Rimbley. 1990. Forty years of change in a shadscale stand in Idaho. *Rangelands* 12:313–328.
- Series of 30; 1951, 1955 & nearly annual from 1958 through 1990, color.
- Sharp, L. A., K. Sanders, and N. Rimbley. 1992. Variability of crested wheatgrass production over 35 years. *Rangelands* 14:153–168.
- Series of 29; annually 1957 through 1991 except 1958, 1962, 1970, 1972, 1981, and 1985; Idaho.
- Shideler, F. J. 1973. Custer country—one hundred years of change. *Amer. West* 19(4):25–31.
- Four pairs, refers to Progulske (1974).
- Shinn, D. A. 1980. Historical perspectives on range burning in the Inland Pacific Northwest. *J. Range Manage.* 33:415–423.
- Three pairs; 1900 & 1976 and “early 1930's” & 1976. One set of four; 1920, 1945, 1956, & 1976. Juniper-sagebrush-grass, Oregon.
- Shoemaker, E. M. and H. G. Stephens. 1975. First photographs of the Canyon Lands, p. 111–222. In: J. E. Fassett (ed.) Canyonlands Country. Four Corners Geol. Soc. 8th Field Cong. Guidebook.
- Ten pairs, 1871–72 & 1968.
- Simmons, N. M. 1966. Flora of the Cabeza Prieta Game Range. *J. Arizona Acad. Sci.* 4(2):93–104.
- Four pairs, 1894 and ca. 1964, Arizona.
- Skovlin, J. M. 1991. Fifty years of research progress: A historical document on the Starkey Experimental Forest and Range. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. PNW-GTR-266.
- One pair; 1939 & 1989, riparian, and one trio; 1939, 1949 & 1989, meadow; Oregon.
- Steenbergh, W. F. and C. H. Lowe Jr. 1983. Ecology of the saguaro. III. Growth and demography. US Dept. Int. Natl. Park Serv. Sci. Monogr. Ser. 17.
- Three pairs, 1941 & 1979; 1 pair, 1941 & 1969; 1 pair 1971 & 1979.
- Stephens, H. G. and E. M. Shoemaker. 1987. In the footsteps of John Wesley Powell: an album of comparative photographs of the Green and Colorado Rivers, 1871–72 and 1968. Johnson Books, Boulder, Colo. and the Powell Society, Denver, Colo.
- One hundred ten pairs, 1871–72 and 1968–69; not all show vegetation.
- Stickney, P. F. 1986. First decade plant succession following the Sundance forest fire, northern Idaho. USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-197.
- Five sets of eight; annually 1967 through 1977 except 1972, 1974 & 1976.
- Strickler, G. S. 1961. Vegetation and soil condition changes on a sub-alpine grassland in eastern Oregon. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper PNW-40.
- Sixteen pairs, 1938 & 1956.
- Strickler, G. S. and W. B. Hall. 1980. The Standley allotment—a history of range recovery. USDA For. Serv. Res. Paper PNW-278.
- One pair, 1909 & 1966; 3 pairs, 1907–09 & 1976; 7 pairs, 1907–10 & 1973. 2 trios; 1907–08, 1955 & 1973. One set of five; 1907, 1909, 1911, 1955, & 1976. Sub-alpine grasslands, Oregon.
- Sturges, D. L. 1993. Soil-water and vegetation dynamics through 20 years after big sagebrush control. *J. Range Manage.* 46:161–169.
- Two pairs, 1969 & 1990, Sagebrush-grass, Wyoming.

- Timothy, K.** 1980. Jarbidge Ranger District—it can be done. *Rangelands* 2:160–161.
- Two pairs, 1909 & 1978 and 1919 & 1977, mountain meadows, Nevada.
- Tixier, S. and D. Nebeker.** 1988. "Range war" on Hobble Creek Allotment. *Rangelands* 10:227–229.
- Three pairs; first photographed 1954, 1955 or 1961, rephotographed 1987. Meadows, Utah.
- Tohill, A. and J. Dollerschell.** 1990. "Livestock" the key to resource improvement on public lands. *Rangelands* 12:329–336.
- Five pairs; 3 months to 2 years recovery after intensive use under Savory Grazing Method, color, riparian and sagebrush-grass, Colorado.
- Tschirley, F. H. and S. C. Martin.** 1961. Burroweed on southern Arizona range lands. *Univ. Arizona Agr. Exp. Sta. Tech. Bull.* 146. One set of four, 1922 through 1958.
- Tschirley, F. H. and R. F. Wagle.** 1964. Growth rate and population dynamics of jumping cholla (*Opuntia fulgida* Engelm.) *J. Arizona Acad. Sci.* 3(2):67–71.
- One set of five, 1903 through 1960.
- Tueller, P. T., P. C. Lent, R. D. Stager, E. A. Jacobsen, and K. A. Platou.** 1988. Rangeland vegetation changes measured from helicopter-borne 35-mm aerial photography. *Photogram. Engin. Remote Sens.* 54:609–614.
- One pair, 1981 & 1985, sagebrush-grass, Nevada, color.
- Turner, R. M.** 1990. Long-term vegetation change at a fully protected Sonoran Desert site. *Ecol.* 71:464–477.
- One set of four; 1907, 1959, 1972, & 1984. One pair, 1959 & 1984.
- Turner, R. M. and M. M. Karpiscak.** 1980. Recent vegetation changes along the Colorado River between Glen Canyon Dam and Lake Mead, Arizona. *US Geol. Surv. Prof. Paper* 1132.
- Two trios; 1952, 1963–65 & 1972–73. Forty-five pairs; first photographed 1872–73 (8), 1889–90 (5), 1901–03 (3), 1923 (25), 1950–52 (3) or 1973 (1); rephotographed 1972–76. One pair, 1952 & 1963.
- Turner, R. M., L. H. Applegate, P. M. Bergthold, S. Gallizoli, and S. C. Martin.** 1980. Arizona range reference areas. *USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. RM-79.*
- Three pairs; 1905 & 1961, 1906 & 1978, 1929 & 1978. One trio 1930, ? & 1978. Exclosures, shrub-grass.
- Urness, P. J. and C. H. Jensen.** 1983. Goat use in fall increases bitterbrush browse and reduces sagebrush density, p. 186–194. In: A. R. Tiedemann and K. L. Johnson (comps.) *Research and management of bitterbrush and clifffrose in western North America*. *USDA For. Serv. Gen. Tech. Rep. INT-152.*
- One pair, 1979 & 1981, shrub-grass, Utah.
- Vale, T. R.** 1978. The sagebrush landscape. *Landscape* 22(2):31–37.
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